

DRAMATIZAÇÃO

NA PELE DE UM DEPUTADO AO PARLAMENTO EUROPEU



AVALIAÇÃO DA DRAMATIZAÇÃO

EXPERIÊNCIAS?



AVALIAÇÃO DA DRAMATIZAÇÃO

	SEMELHANÇAS	DIFERENÇAS
FORMA		
CONTEÚDO		

AVALIAÇÃO DA DRAMATIZAÇÃO

	SEMELHANÇAS?	DIFERENÇAS
FORMA		
CONTEÚDO		

AValiação da Dramatização: Semelhanças

Comissões
temáticas do
Parlamento
Europeu



AVALIAÇÃO DA DRAMATIZAÇÃO: SEMELHANÇAS

Grupos de
interesses



AVALIAÇÃO DA DRAMATIZAÇÃO: SEMELHANÇAS

Votação por braços erguidos



AVALIAÇÃO DA DRAMATIZAÇÃO: SEMELHANÇAS

Votação por maioria



Maioria = metade dos votos dos deputados presentes + 1

Imagem: 623 deputados presentes, 245 votos a favor, 353 votos contra, 25 abstenções

AVALIAÇÃO DA DRAMATIZAÇÃO

SEMELHANÇAS ?

DIFERENÇAS

FORMA



CONTEÚDO

AVALIAÇÃO DA DRAMATIZAÇÃO: SEMELHANÇAS

Argumentos
utilizados



AVALIAÇÃO DA DRAMATIZAÇÃO

SEMELHANÇAS

DIFERENÇAS

FORMA



CONTEÚDO



AVALIAÇÃO DA DRAMATIZAÇÃO

SEMELHANÇAS

DIFERENÇAS ?

FORMA

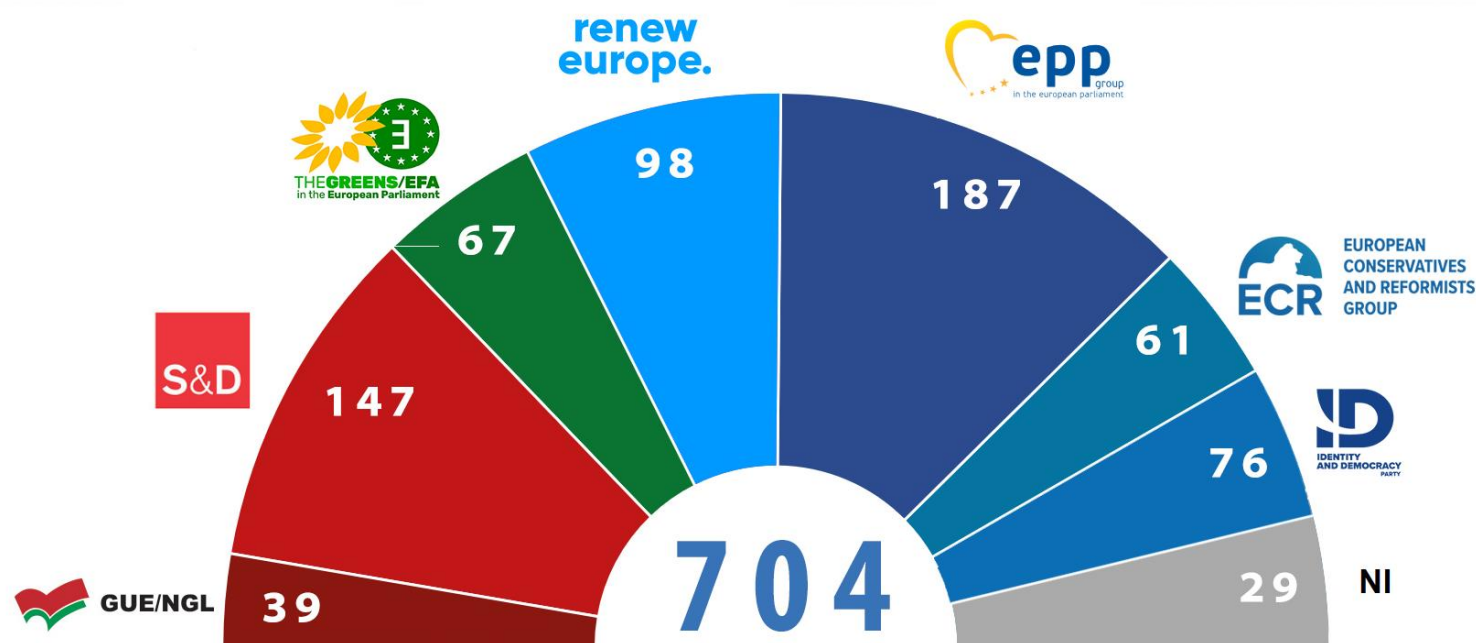


CONTEÚDO



AVALIAÇÃO DA DRAMATIZAÇÃO: DIFERENÇAS

Grupos políticos no Parlamento Europeu



Distribuição de lugares por grupo político, março de 2020. Mais informação em <https://www.europarl.europa.eu/about-parliament/pt/organisation-and-rules/organisation/political-groups>



AVALIAÇÃO DA DRAMATIZAÇÃO: DIFERENÇAS

Poder legislativo
partilhado



Conselho da União Europeia



Parlamento Europeu

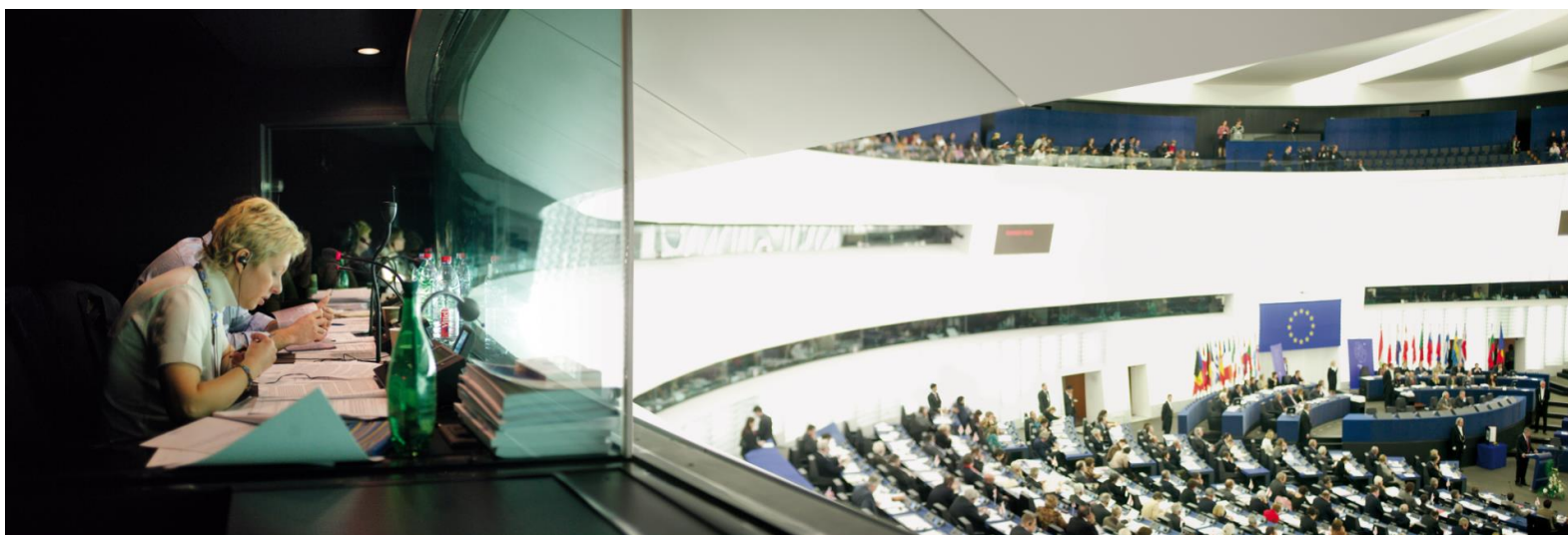


AVALIAÇÃO DA DRAMATIZAÇÃO: DIFERENÇAS

Mais complexo



Máximo de 751 deputados ao Parlamento Europeu



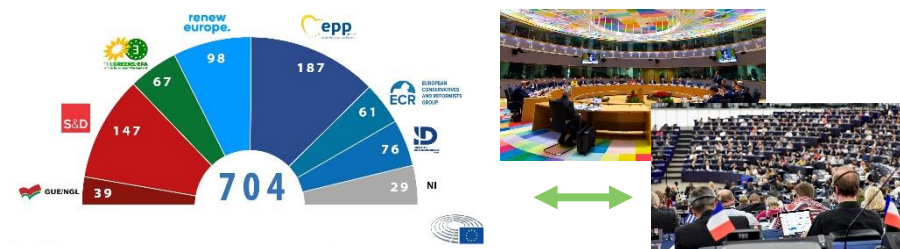
24 línguas oficiais na UE: necessários muitos intérpretes e tradutores

AVALIAÇÃO DA DRAMATIZAÇÃO

SEMELHANÇAS

DIFERENÇAS?

FORMA



CONTEÚDO



AVALIAÇÃO DA DRAMATIZAÇÃO: DIFERENÇAS

Mais complexo

COMMISSION DELEGATED REGULATION (EU) 2018/189
of 23 November 2017

amending Delegated Regulation (EU) No 1395/2014 establishing a discard plan for certain small pelagic fisheries and fisheries for industrial purposes in the North Sea

THE EUROPEAN COMMISSION,

Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union,

Having regard to Regulation (EU) No 1380/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 11 December 2013 on the Common Fisheries Policy, amending Council Regulations (EC) No 1954/2003 and (EC) No 1224/2009 and repealing Council Regulations (EC) No 2371/2002 and (EC) No 639/2004 and Council Decision 2004/585/EC⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 15(6) and 18(1) and (3) thereof,

Whereas:

- (1) Regulation (EU) No 1380/2013 aims to progressively eliminate discards in all Union fisheries through the introduction of a landing obligation for catches of species subject to catch limits.
- (2) Article 15(6) of Regulation (EU) No 1380/2013 empowers the Commission to adopt discard plans by means of a delegated act for a period of no more than 3 years and renewable once on the basis of joint recommendations developed by Member States in consultation with the relevant Advisory Councils.
- (3) Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) No 1395/2014⁽²⁾ established a discard plan for certain small pelagic fisheries and fisheries for industrial purposes in the North Sea, in order to facilitate the implementation of the landing obligation by means of certain flexibility mechanisms.
- (4) Exemptions from the obligation to land all catches may be specified in accordance with Article 15(5)(c) of Regulation (EU) No 1380/2013 where scientific evidence indicates that increases in selectivity are very difficult or where handling unwanted catches entails disproportionate costs (*de minimis* exemptions).
- (5) Belgium, Denmark, France, Germany, the Netherlands, Sweden and the United Kingdom have a direct fisheries management interest in the North Sea. After consulting the North Sea Advisory Council and the Pelagic Advisory Council, those Member States have submitted on 31 May 2017 a joint recommendation to the Commission.
- (6) The joint recommendation suggests to establish for the years 2018, 2019 and 2020 a *de minimis* exemption for up to a maximum of 1 % of the total annual catches of mackerel, horse mackerel, herring and whiting in the small pelagic fisheries with midwater trawlers (OTM and PTM) up to 25 m in length overall, targeting mackerel, horse mackerel and herring in ICES divisions IVb and c south of 54 degrees north.
- (7) The Member States provided scientific evidence to demonstrate that handling unwanted catches in the relevant fisheries entails disproportionate costs. That evidence was reviewed by the Scientific, Technical and Economic Committee for Fisheries (STECF). STECF noted that the *de minimis* exemption may provide an incentive for the fleets involved to adapt their behaviour and continue research on ways to improve selectivity. Therefore, the suggested exemption concerned may be included in Delegated Regulation (EU) No 1395/2014.
- (8) The duration of the discard plan should therefore be extended until 31 December 2020.
- (9) Articles 2, 4 and 4a of the Delegated Regulation (EU) No 1395/2014 provide respectively for a survivability exemption for mackerel and herring caught in the purse seine fisheries, for documentation of catches and for technical measures for sprat fisheries. The measure on survivability exemption was positively evaluated by STECF in 2014 and the technical measures for sprat fisheries were positively evaluated by International Council for the Exploration of the Sea (ICES) in 2017. The Commission considers that the evidence on which that evaluation was based remains valid for the next 3 years. Therefore it is appropriate to extend the application of the measures until 2020.
- (10) Delegated Regulation (EU) No 1395/2014 and its Annex should be amended accordingly.

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 354, 28.12.2013, p. 22.

⁽²⁾ Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) No 1395/2014 of 20 October 2014 establishing a discard plan for certain small pelagic fisheries and fisheries for industrial purposes in the North Sea (OJ L 370, 30.12.2014, p. 35).

Mais temas técnicos



Mais propostas de lei detalhadas

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Esta apresentação faz parte da ferramenta educativa EUROPE@SCHOOL – lições ativas sobre a União Europeia.
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