

РОЛЕВА ИГРА

В РОЛЯТА НА ЧЛЕН НА ЕВРОПЕЙСКИЯ ПАРЛАМЕНТ



ОЦЕНКА НА РОЛЕВАТА ИГРА

ПРЕЖИВЯВАНИЯ?



ОЦЕНКА НА РОЛЕВАТА ИГРА

	ПРИЛИКИ	РАЗЛИКИ
ФОРМА		
СЪДЪРЖАНИЕ		

ОЦЕНКА НА РОЛЕВАТА ИГРА

	ПРИЛИКИ?	РАЗЛИКИ
ФОРМА		
СЪДЪРЖАНИЕ		

ОЦЕНКА НА РОЛЕВАТА ИГРА: ПРИЛИКИ

Тематични комисии
в Европейския
парламент



Заседание на тематична комисия в Европейския парламент © Европейски съюз, 2019 г.,

ОЦЕНКА НА РОЛЕВАТА ИГРА: ПРИЛИКИ

Групи за
представителство на
интереси



ОЦЕНКА НА РОЛЕВАТА ИГРА: ПРИЛИКИ

Гласуване с
вдигане на ръка



Членовете на ЕП вдигат ръце, за да гласуват © Европейски съюз, 2017 г., източник ЕП

ОЦЕНКА НА РОЛЕВАТА ИГРА: ПРИЛИКИ

Гласуване с
МНОЗИНСТВО



Мнозинство = половината + един от гласовете на присъстващите.

Снимка: Присъстват 623 членове на ЕП, 245 гласа „за“, 353 гласа „против“, 25 гласа „въздържал се“

ОЦЕНКА НА РОЛЕВАТА ИГРА

ПРИЛИКИ?

РАЗЛИКИ

ФОРМА








СЪДЪРЖАНИЕ

ОЦЕНКА НА РОЛЕВАТА ИГРА: ПРИЛИКИ






Използване на
аргументи



ОЦЕНКА НА РОЛЕВАТА ИГРА

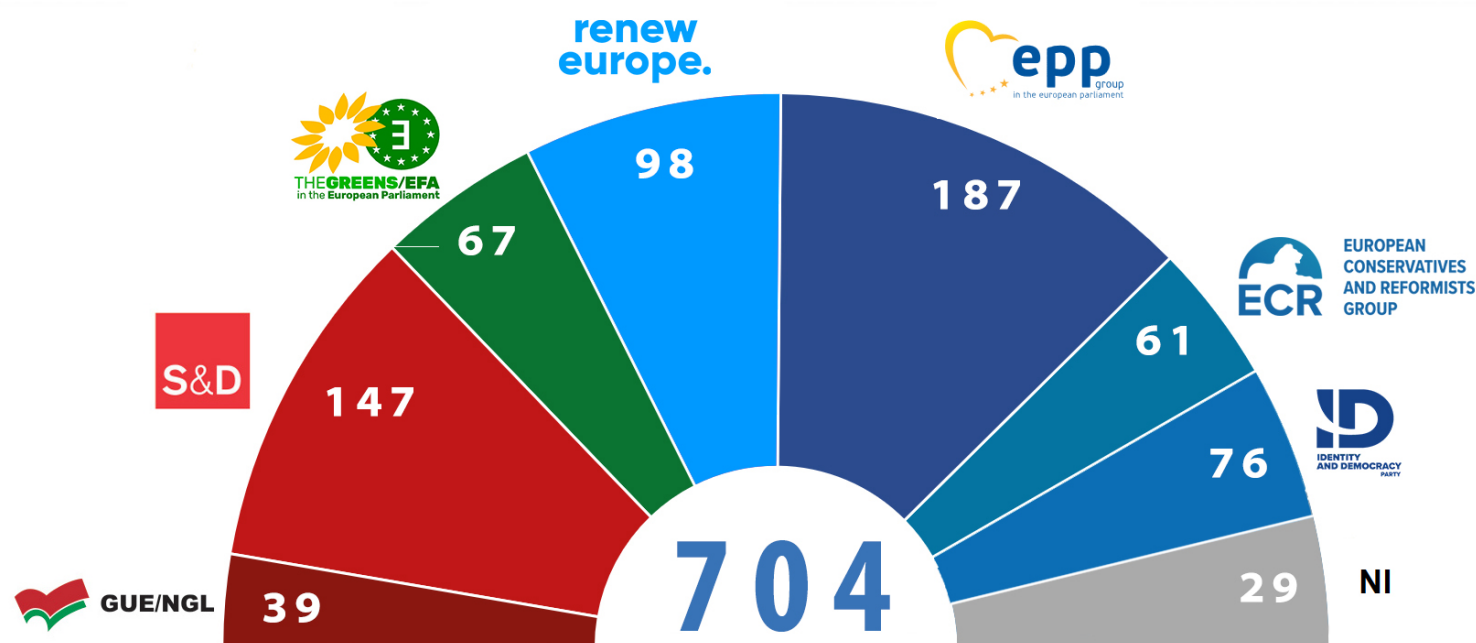
ОЦЕНКА НА РОЛЕВАТА ИГРА		ПРИЛИКИ	РАЗЛИКИ
ФОРМА	<div></div>		
СЪДЪРЖАНИЕ	<div></div>		

ОЦЕНКА НА РОЛЕВАТА ИГРА

	ПРИЛИКИ	РАЗЛИКИ?
ФОРМА	<div></div> <div></div> <div></div> <div></div>	
СЪДЪРЖАНИЕ	<div></div>	

ОЦЕНКА НА РОЛЕВАТА ИГРА: РАЗЛИКИ

Политическите групи
Европейския
парламент



Разпределение на местата по политически групи, март 2020 г. За повече информация вижте [https://www.europarl.europa.eu/about-](https://www.europarl.europa.eu/about-parliament/bg/organisation-and-rules/organisation/political-groups)

[parliament/bg/organisation-and-rules/organisation/political-groups](https://www.europarl.europa.eu/about-parliament/bg/organisation-and-rules/organisation/political-groups)



ОЦЕНКА НА РОЛЕВАТА ИГРА: РАЗЛИКИ

Споделени
законодателни
правомощия



Съвет на Европейския съюз



Европейски парламент



ОЦЕНКА НА РОЛЕВАТА ИГРА: РАЗЛИКИ

Допълнителна
сложност



Европейският парламент може да има максимум 751 членове



В ЕС има 24 официални езика: необходими са много устни и писмени преводачи

ОЦЕНКА НА РОЛЕВАТА ИГРА

	ПРИЛИКИ	РАЗЛИКИ?
ФОРМА	<div></div> <div></div> <div></div> <div></div>	<div></div> <div></div> <div></div> <div></div>
СЪДЪРЖАНИЕ	<div></div>	

ОЦЕНКА НА РОЛЕВАТА ИГРА: РАЗЛИКИ

Допълнителна
сложност

L 36/4	EN	Official Journal of the European Union	9.2.2018
COMMISSION DELEGATED REGULATION (EU) 2018/189 of 23 November 2017 amending Delegated Regulation (EU) No 1395/2014 establishing a discard plan for certain small pelagic fisheries and fisheries for industrial purposes in the North Sea			
THE EUROPEAN COMMISSION,			
Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union,			
Having regard to Regulation (EU) No 1380/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 11 December 2013 on the Common Fisheries Policy, amending Council Regulations (EC) No 1954/2003 and (EC) No 1224/2009 and repealing Council Regulations (EC) No 2371/2002 and (EC) No 639/2004 and Council Decision 2004/585/EC (1), and in particular Article 15(6) and 18(1) and (3) thereof,			
Whereas:			
(1) Regulation (EU) No 1380/2013 aims to progressively eliminate discards in all Union fisheries through the introduction of a landing obligation for catches of species subject to catch limits.			
(2) Article 15(6) of Regulation (EU) No 1380/2013 empowers the Commission to adopt discard plans by means of a delegated act for a period of no more than 3 years and renewable once on the basis of joint recommendations developed by Member States in consultation with the relevant Advisory Councils.			
(3) Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) No 1395/2014 (2) established a discard plan for certain small pelagic fisheries and fisheries for industrial purposes in the North Sea, in order to facilitate the implementation of the landing obligation by means of certain flexibility mechanisms.			
(4) Exemptions from the obligation to land all catches may be specified in accordance with Article 15(5)(c) of Regulation (EU) No 1380/2013 where scientific evidence indicates that increases in selectivity are very difficult or where handling unwanted catches entails disproportionate costs (de minimis exemptions).			
(5) Belgium, Denmark, France, Germany, the Netherlands, Sweden and the United Kingdom have a direct fisheries management interest in the North Sea. After consulting the North Sea Advisory Council and the Pelagic Advisory Council, those Member States have submitted on 31 May 2017 a joint recommendation to the Commission.			
(6) The joint recommendation suggests to establish for the years 2018, 2019 and 2020 a de minimis exemption for up to a maximum of 1 % of the total annual catches of mackerel, horse mackerel, herring and whiting in the small pelagic fisheries with midwater trawlers (OTM and PTM) up to 25 m in length overall, targeting mackerel, horse mackerel and herring in ICES divisions IVb and c south of 54 degrees north.			
(7) The Member States provided scientific evidence to demonstrate that handling unwanted catches in the relevant fisheries entails disproportionate costs. That evidence was reviewed by the Scientific, Technical and Economic Committee for fisheries (STECF). STECF noted that the de minimis exemption may provide an incentive for the fleets involved to adapt their behaviour and continue research on ways to improve selectivity. Therefore, the suggested exemption concerned may be included in Delegated Regulation (EU) No 1395/2014.			
(8) The duration of the discard plan should therefore be extended until 31 December 2020.			
(9) Articles 2, 4 and 4a of the Delegated Regulation (EU) No 1395/2014 provide respectively for a survivability exemption for mackerel and herring caught in the purse seine fisheries, for documentation of catches and for technical measures for gillnet fisheries. The measure on survivability exemption was positively evaluated by STECF in 2014 and the technical measures for gillnet fisheries were positively evaluated by International Council for the Exploration of the Seas (ICES) in 2017. The Commission considers that the evidence on which that evaluation was based remains valid for the next 3 years. Therefore it is appropriate to extend the application of the measures until 2020.			
(10) Delegated Regulation (EU) No 1395/2014 and its Annex should be amended accordingly.			
(1) OJ L 344, 28.12.2013, p. 22.			
(2) Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) No 1395/2014 of 20 October 2014 establishing a discard plan for certain small pelagic fisheries and fisheries for industrial purposes in the North Sea (OJ L 370, 30.12.2014, p. 35).			

По-технически теми



По-подробни законодателни предложения

ОЦЕНКА НА РОЛЕВАТА ИГРА

ФОРМА





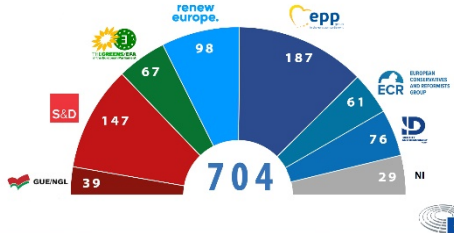
ПРИЛИКИ



СЪДЪРЖАНИЕ



РАЗЛИКИ

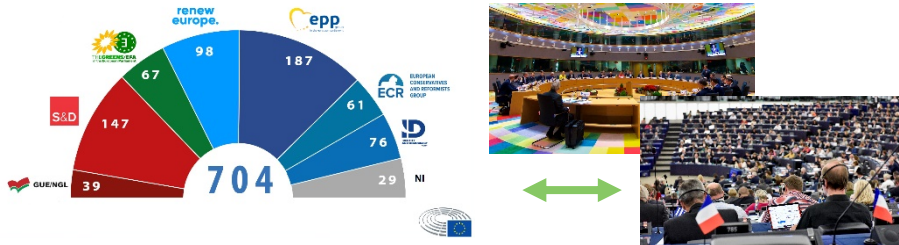


ОЦЕНКА НА РОЛЕВАТА ИГРА

ПРИЛИКИ

РАЗЛИКИ

ФОРМА



СЪДЪРЖАНИЕ



1. The European Union is a unique and important institution in the world. It has been created by the people of Europe and for the people of Europe. It is a place where the interests of all European countries are represented and where the common good of the continent is pursued. The European Union is a place of peace, stability and prosperity. It is a place where the people of Europe can live in harmony and where the future of the continent can be secured. The European Union is a place of hope and optimism. It is a place where the people of Europe can see a better future for themselves and for their children. The European Union is a place of pride and honor. It is a place where the people of Europe can be proud of their achievements and where they can honor their traditions. The European Union is a place of love and compassion. It is a place where the people of Europe can love their neighbors and where they can show compassion for those in need. The European Union is a place of justice and fairness. It is a place where the people of Europe can see justice done and where they can feel fair treatment. The European Union is a place of freedom and democracy. It is a place where the people of Europe can live in freedom and where they can exercise their democratic rights. The European Union is a place of progress and innovation. It is a place where the people of Europe can see progress and where they can embrace innovation. The European Union is a place of peace and harmony. It is a place where the people of Europe can live in peace and where they can enjoy harmony. The European Union is a place of hope and optimism. It is a place where the people of Europe can see a better future for themselves and for their children. The European Union is a place of pride and honor. It is a place where the people of Europe can be proud of their achievements and where they can honor their traditions. The European Union is a place of love and compassion. It is a place where the people of Europe can love their neighbors and where they can show compassion for those in need. The European Union is a place of justice and fairness. It is a place where the people of Europe can see justice done and where they can feel fair treatment. The European Union is a place of freedom and democracy. It is a place where the people of Europe can live in freedom and where they can exercise their democratic rights. The European Union is a place of progress and innovation. It is a place where the people of Europe can see progress and where they can embrace innovation. The European Union is a place of peace and harmony. It is a place where the people of Europe can live in peace and where they can enjoy harmony.



ОЦЕНКА НА РОЛЕВАТА ИГРА

ПРИЛИКИ

РАЗЛИКИ

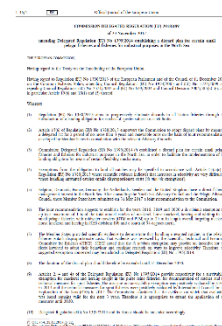
FORMA



СЪДЪРЖАНИЕ



Темите са както
подобни, така и
различни



РОЛЕВА ИГРА

В РОЛЯТА НА ЧЛЕН НА ЕВРОПЕЙСКИЯ ПАРЛАМЕНТ

Настоящата презентация е част от образователния инструмент „Европа в училище — Активни уроци за Европейския съюз“.

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